



SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 26, 18 5.

THE REAL cause of the particular interest the Maine statesmen take in Hawaiian affairs has at length become apparent, as was expected, and proves to be a natural, though by no means a commendable one. It now appears that the pirates who, with the assistance of U. S. marines, seized Hawaii, finding it impossible to exact any money from the poor people of that country, had bonds printed, some of which they disposed of in Maine at twenty-five cents on the dollar, and which the United States will, of course, have to make good, at their face value, should Hawaii be annexed. The love of republican institutions in the Sandwich Islands entertained by the Maine annexationists, therefore, is as selfish as was the humanity of the man who was solicitous for the rescue of the drowning red headed wretch who owed him five dollars.

A REPUBLICAN newspaper says, "whether or not the income tax is constitutional, it is certainly directly opposed to the ideas of the people of this country." Yes, to those of the few who will have to pay it; but as it is directly in favor of those of the vast majority who will not have to do so, it will be collected, and certainly should be, as a cardinal principle of good government is that taxes should be laid upon those to whom it is no burden to pay them. Besides, it is plain to every just man that those whose wealth is protected and secured by government should pay their share of its expenses.

NO MATTER how much the democratic and republican Senators differ on measures relating to the currency and banking of the country, enough of them agreed yesterday to saddle the people with another hundred million, nominally to build a canal in a foreign country, but really, as is said, to put money in the pockets of the few men who hold stock in the insolvent Nicaraguan Canal Company. The democratic members of the House who may vote for this bill will be remembered by their constituents.

JUDGE GAYNOR of Brooklyn is a veritable Dogberry. He has issued a mandamus requiring one of the railroad companies of that city to run its lines or show cause why its charter should not be forfeited; though not only everybody else in Brooklyn, but in the whole country, knows the company can not run its lines, because of the violent action of a mob that cuts its wires, tears up its track, breaks its cars and stones and shoots its employees.

AS STATED in the Washington correspondence of yesterday's GAZETTE, the commerce committee of the U. S. House of Representatives, on that day, reported favorably the bill for a carriage bridge across the Potomac at Arlington. Such a bridge should unquestionably be built, but the action referred to was only the first step toward it, and it is almost too late now for the hope of the bill's success at this session of Congress to be very sanguine.

THE POPE'S ENCYCLICAL.—Pope Leo's long-expected encyclical, extending the power and dignity of Monsignor Satolli and defining the status of the American church, is now suspended between New York and Washington by the formalities of the custom office. The important document arrived on the French steamer Burgoe last Saturday in care of Pitt and Scott, customs forwarders at New York. It had been expected, in the usual course of the mail, but the precaution had been taken to send the package as an article of express. Messrs. Pitt and Scott notified Mr. Satolli of the arrival of the document, and word was sent them to forward it to Washington at the earliest possible moment. They have answered that the package could be got through the customs office. As the package contains no dutiable matter, there is some surprise at the delay.

THE PEOPLE of the South will wonder, and well they may, why, having been taxed for thirty years to pay for a war which they tried to avoid, and which impoverished them, they are now to be taxed indefinitely to pay a debt almost as large, which has been created in time of peace, and all, too, for the profit of rich bondholders.

SENATOR HALE, of Maine, not only wants the United States to maintain the filibusters' government of Hawaii, but also to lay a telegraph line from San Francisco to Honolulu at a cost of five hundred thousand dollars. When the statesmen of Maine go for money, a heap of it only will satisfy them.

JUDGING FROM a recent speech made by the Governor of Maryland, the trolley line between Washington and Baltimore will be completed before that between Washington and this city, though the former will be forty miles long and the latter only six.

FAUQUIER NOTES.—Mr. John Jones, who lived near New Baltimore, died on Thursday last. He was a native of Philadelphia and came to Fauquier about fifteen years ago.

Col. Grenville Gaines declines to be a candidate for re-election to the mayoralty of Warrenton, a position which he has filled most acceptably for four consecutive terms.—Warrenton Virginian.

FROM WASHINGTON.
(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.
It is currently reported at the Capitol to-day that the President has determined to issue one hundred million 3 per cent. gold bonds on Monday next, and also to send a message to Congress on the subject. The gold fund in the Treasury is now so low that unless it be speedily increased the redemption of the government's securities will have to be made in silver, and if that were done silver dollars would be only worth their weight in silver.

A Virginian man here to-day says that an Indiana man now living in Prince George county, in his State, has the right of the 8th Virginia regiment that was lost at Manassas.

When the question on the Nicaragua Canal bill was put in the Senate yesterday evening Mr. Huntton voted aye and Mr. Daniel no.

In the Senate to-day a favorable report was made on Mr. Huntton's bill to refund to Silas Q. Howe twenty thousand dollars, that being the sum in excess of what he should have paid for spirits withdrawn from a bonded warehouse.

S-nator Hill is booked for a speech in New York to-night which, it is said, will be sensational.

The House District committee was engaged for several hours to-day in hearing arguments on the bill to regulate the practice of medicine in this city.

The Postoffice Department has issued a fraud order against the Co-operative Social Tabernacle, of Nashville, Tenn. This organization claimed to be a charitable and beneficial order and would issue a bond of \$1,000, the buyer to pay \$10 down and \$2.50 per month for six months. The company would then, according to agreement, pay off the bonds according to the numbers of the face.

Race horse people here to-day say that when racing shall be closed at Jackson city next week, many of the players will go to New Orleans and to Indiana, and some of the horses to the State referred to.

Representative Tucker says he has been promised that on Monday week the House will take up his bill appropriating \$17,400 for damage done to Washington-Lee College by the federal army during the war.

Some time ago Postmaster Warfield at Baltimore made several appointments in his office which he claimed were made before the amendment of November 2, 1894, placing these positions under the civil service law. The commission claim to have reason to believe that the appointments were made subsequent to the amendment and have been referred to the matter.

At Mrs. Cleveland's first public reception to ladies this afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock, she was assisted by Mrs. Harlan, wife of the Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, and Mrs. Mills and Mrs. Manderson, wives of the Senators from Texas and Nebraska. The young ladies invited behind the receiving line in the Blue Room were the Misses Gray, Miss Lucille Blackburn, Miss Mabel Boardman, Miss Rodgers, Miss Catherine Fuller, Miss Enloe, Miss Draper, Miss Lockwood, Miss Patterson, Miss Rochester, and Miss Walker. The decorations of the White House were those of the diplomatic dinner, Thursday evening, which were exceptionally elaborate.

In spite of the inclement weather several thousand persons stood in the lines along the approaches to the Mansion.

The President, Secretary Carlisle and Attorney General Olney were in consultation at the White House for several hours to-day considering the financial situation and what was the best means to pursue to meet the present conditions. It is stated officially that no definite conclusion was reached. The President will either communicate to Congress his views on the matter early next week or direct the Secretary of the Treasury to invite proposals for another bond issue.

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NEWS OF THE DAY.
A heavy snow storm and intensely cold weather prevailed yesterday in Kansas, Missouri and Iowa.
Many persons were killed and a large number of buildings destroyed by an earthquake January 17, near Kuchan, Persia.

Secretary Gresham has received a report from Minister Willis, dated Honolulu, January 11, giving his account of the Hawaiian revolt.

The Governor of West Virginia signed the bill passed by the legislature yesterday creating the new county of Mingo, which, it is said, will be solidly republican.

It is announced that Lord William Beresford is to be married to the Duchess of Marlborough, formerly Mrs. Louis Hammersley, of New York, during the coming spring.

A violent quarrel in the Belgium Chamber of Deputies yesterday between the Catholic and socialist parties ended in the suspension of the sitting and the resignation of the President of the Chamber.

Gertie Platt, who tips the beam at 490 pounds, and John William Coffey, widely known as the "Skeleton Dude," who weighs just 56 pounds, were married at Doris' Museum, in New York, on Wednesday.

A telegram was received at the City of Mexico from Secretary Gresham yesterday, saying, if the trouble could not be settled between the two countries, he thought it might be adjusted by some foreign country. The Mexican cabinet will delay the sending of its ultimatum to Guatemala for several days.

At three o'clock yesterday afternoon the main building of Henning's brewery, in Mendota, Ill., was wrecked by a boiler explosion, the concussion being so great that every building in the city was badly shaken. The building destroyed was five stories in height, and filled with machinery. The force of the explosion completely demolished it, killing seven men and badly injuring six others.

T. D. Smith, aged twenty-seven, a motorman and brakeman who claims his home is in Philadelphia, walked up behind Mrs. Margaret Tuttle, aged fifty-two, shortly after 8 o'clock last night on Seventh avenue, New York, and cut her throat three times. The woman was removed to a hospital in a precarious condition. The avenue was crowded at the time and many saw the deed done. After cutting the woman's throat Smith gave himself up, admitting that he had cut a woman's throat.

The large withdrawals of gold from the Treasury Department have again aroused the treasury officials to the necessity of maintaining the proper gold balance, which now amounts to \$56,182,858. While the bill passed yesterday will aid the treasury in the future, it can do nothing for its immediate relief. The talk of a bill to provide for the issuance of short-time, low-interest-bearing bonds has therefore been renewed with increased force. It is rumored that the President will probably send a message to Congress next week urging immediate action for the relief of the treasury.

The head of Horatio Stetson, an engineer in Stetson & Post's mail, Seattle, Wash., was cut in two Thursday by a rip saw. The saw went down into the brain fully three inches, the point of exit on either side of the head being on a level with the top of the ears. Stetson crawled out from under the table where the accident occurred and was cradled by his brother, who clapped the two pieces of his head together. The brother says that blood and brains were coming from his head, which looked as if it were falling apart. At last accounts there was no inflammation in the wound nor any indications of fever setting in.

THE PRELIMINARY injunction restraining the sale of Eakelton Hotel furniture in Staunton, was dismissed yesterday.

At Staunton, Mrs. Ellie White was yesterday granted an absolute divorce from her husband, Mr. Meade F. White, on the ground of abandonment.

Mr. Townsend Taylor, of Porterville, died, on Wednesday; Mr. Washington Haines died near Hamilton on Thursday and Mr. John L. Tremay, of Middleburg, died on Monday.

Mrs. Mary Simpson, wife of Archibald M. Simpson, died in Staunton Thursday evening, aged eighty-four years. Deceased was a Miss Barley, a native of Frederick county.

Miss Mary Smith, of Newport News, was taken very suddenly sick while walking on the street in Baltimore yesterday and died before a doctor, who had been summoned, arrived.

Emma Bauerman was granted a divorce "a mensa et thoro" from her husband, Charles M. Bauerman, in the Circuit Court at Woodstock, yesterday. They were married in 1890 and the defendant deserted the plaintiff on the evening after their marriage.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis has sent to Mrs. J. Taylor Ely, chairman of the relic committee of the Hollywood Memorial Association in Richmond, an exquisite bed quilt, to be placed in the museum in which the "White House of the Confederacy" where President Davis resided while Richmond was the Confederate capital, is soon to be converted.

THE FIRST REGIMENT TROUBLES.—The court of inquiry called to investigate the troubles in the First Virginia Regiment convened again in Richmond yesterday. Colonel Jones took the stand and said that forgetting that general order number three restricted the number of the court called under it to eight, he had called a court composed of thirteen members. This was the court martial which declared itself legally called. Colonel Jones stated that he had received an order from Col. Nalle, acting brigadier-general, which he construed as giving him the power to call a general court martial.

An incident that caused a little commotion occurred at the afternoon session, when a newspaper reporter struck the sergeant of the court a blow that knocked him off his seat. The reporter explained that the sergeant had spit upon his shoes. Captain Muesbach, president of the court, requested the reporter to leave the room, which he did.

At the night session Lieut. Carbaugh, U. S. A., said that it would be the duty of the court illegally called to disobey the order calling it, and that such action would not be regarded as a gross violation of military discipline. The court adjourned until to-day.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.
SENATE.

Among the petitions presented and referred was one by Mr. Butler from citizens of Newberry county, S. C., alleging that "frauds of the most disgraceful and flagrant character were committed" in the late election in that State, and requesting that proper measures be adopted by Congress to inquire into them and to punish the parties guilty of them.

A bill to prohibit solicitations of contributions for political purposes from officers or employees of the United States was introduced by Mr. Lodge.

Mr. Allen offered a preamble and resolution reciting that the Sherman act of 1890 invested the Secretary of the Treasury with full power to redeem Treasury notes in gold or silver coin at his discretion; asserting that periodical runs on the treasury have been organized to deplete the gold reserve, and to force the issue of bonds payable in gold; and declaring that it is the sense of the Senate that the Secretary of the Treasury should exercise his discretion by redeeming all forms of paper money in silver coin whenever he is satisfied that a systematic attempt is being made to deplete the treasury of gold coin for the purpose of forcing the issue of government bonds payable in gold, perpetuating the national debt and enlarging the issue power of national banks. He asked for its present consideration.

Objection was made by Mr. Sherman and the resolution went over.

Mr. Mitchell gave notice of an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill appropriating \$5,000 for the salary and expenses of a treasury agent to investigate and report as to the destruction of the eggs of wild game fowl in Alaska and he read a paper to show the necessity of adopting measures to prevent the wholesale gathering and sale of the eggs of geese, ducks and other wild fowl in that region.

The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Allen in favor of the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands with Mr. Vest's substitute in favor of absolute non-interference, was laid before the Senate and Mr. Lodge took the floor.

Mr. Lodge followed Mr. Lodge and charged that Mr. Mills had furnished the information upon which the article about the Hawaiian bonds was written. Mr. Mills denied that he had done any thing of the kind. Mr. Vest's substitute was then adopted.

After some routine business the House took up the bill to repeal the provisions in the tariff act imposing an additional duty of one tenth of a cent upon sugars, molasses and syrups imported from a country which pays an export duty on those articles.

Mr. Hopkins presented the following amendment to be offered at the proper time:

Provided that in case any foreign country, whether independent or a dependency, shall make or permit unjust discrimination against the importation or sale in foreign country of any products of the United States then the duty mentioned in this act as it affects such country shall remain the same as fixed by the law in force prior to the passage of this act.

Mr. Meyer presented an amendment fixing the duty on sugar at fifty cents ad valorem.

Mr. Wilson said this differential was inserted at the request of the sugar refiners of this country and was especially directed at the only country from which the consumers of this country had anything to hope for relief from the impositions and exactions of the refining industry of this country. The diplomatic representatives of that and other countries, affected by the differential duty, had protested to our government against it, on the ground that it was in violation of the treaty stipulations between the United States and their governments.

CONGRESS.

The Senate yesterday passed the Nicaragua canal bill. The vote was 31 yeas, 21 nays. Much interest was shown in the vote. The bill directs the issue of \$70,000,000 on Nicaraguan canal bonds. Each of these is to bear the following guarantee: "The United States of America guarantees to the lawful holder of this bond the payment by the Maritime Canal Company of Nicaragua of the principal of said bond and the interest accruing therein and as it accrues." An additional \$30,000,000 of bonds is to be issued without the United States guarantee. The total hundred millions thus issued is to be used in constructing the inter-oceanic canal. The Secretary of the Treasury is to have supervision of the project.

A board of fifteen directors is to have immediate charge of this work. Of this board the President is to designate ten members, no more than two from any one State. The United States is to receive \$70,000,000 of canal company bonds in return for guaranteeing the bonds, and is to hold a mortgage lien on all the property of the canal company.

The sundry civil bill was passed by the House yesterday in the shortest time, so far as known, on record. It was under consideration but three days. As passed, the bill carries \$39,125,721. Two important changes in legislation were made. One was to restore to the Secretary of the Treasury the discretion that formerly was vested in him to issue notes of such denominations as he may deem best, instead of restricting him to the reissue of such denominations as may be canceled and retired. The other was to amend the law authorizing the issue of gold certificates, so as to make such certificates non-receivable for customs dues after July 1, 1895, and forbidding their use by national banks in their reserve. Mr. Talbot reported the naval appropriation bill to the House. It carries thirty-one million dollars and provides for three battle ships and twelve torpedo boats. The night session of the House was devoted to a consideration of private pension bills.

A BILL to permit the Sunday opening of saloons during certain hours was introduced in the New York legislature yesterday. In New York yesterday a number of temperance advocates waited on Mayor Strong to protest against the opening of saloons on Sunday. The Mayor is in favor of the Sunday opening because he thinks the present law cannot be enforced. Superintendent Byrnes says it can be.

Prof. John H. Powell, principal of the Richmond Female Seminary, Richmond, Va., has given Quarrel a trial. It is only necessary to ask his opinion of it.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

THE Trolley Strike.
BROOKLYN, Jan. 26.—It is supposed this morning that the strikers are now resorting to incendiarism to aid them in their efforts to cripple the trolley companies. Early this morning the depot of the Furman street line was set on fire, but the flames were discovered and extinguished. The destruction of wires was even more extensive than on yesterday. Early this morning the police arrested eleven members of the gang. The officers were forced to draw their revolvers to compel the men to submit to arrest. At certain points where strikers had congregated the police charged and dispersed them. The strikers' headquarters were also raided. It is said many of the old hands are asking to be reinstated and that applications for positions are pouring in.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 26.—Judge Gaynor, of the Supreme Court, in King's county to-day, handed down a writ of alternative mandamus in the case of Joseph Loader against the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company. This decision is construed as being favorable to the company. The Judge says the corporation has the right to get labor as cheaply as it can and that it is its duty to run cars at the best terms it can make. The case will now be tried by a jury, and the company has twenty days in which to answer. Mr. Loader's application was for a writ to compel the company to operate its cars.

LAST NIGHT'S STORM.
CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—Reports from all over the west and northwest indicate that last night's snow storm was the severest for years. From four to nine inches of snow fell, and business and traffic were everywhere impeded. The snow was accompanied everywhere by a high wind which reached the strength of a gale. Chicago's experience was repeated almost without variation by all points in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Wisconsin and other western states. Unprecedented snow falls were the rule throughout Missouri, Nevada and Michigan. One feature of the storm is that nowhere was disagreeably cold weather experienced. Nebraskans welcomed the snow and the wind as the termination of a long period of drought.

ABBEVILLE, Ala., Jan. 26.—A cyclone of considerable violence passed over portions of Alabama and Louisiana yesterday morning, doing considerable damage. Several lives were lost.

Foreign News.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—M. Ribot went to the Palace of the Elysee this morning and definitely accepted the task of forming a ministry. It is expected that he will have completed a cabinet to-night.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—A dispatch from Shanghai says the Chinese peace envoys, with their suites, started for Japan to-day.

THE MEXICAN-Guatemalan Difficulty.
NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—A Guatemala special says: Senor de Leon, the envoy sent to Mexico to negotiate an adjustment of the difficulties over the boundary line between the two countries, telegraphed that Mexico is making active preparations for war. Upon receipt of this news the Guatemalan government wired to Senor de Leon authorizing him to make concessions if no further delay can be obtained.

THE BROOKLYN STRIKE.—More cars were run on the electric street railways yesterday in Brooklyn, than on any day since the strike began, nearly two weeks ago. On all the lines involved in the strike there were said to be 435 cars running, the usual number being 600. Mayor Schieren made a personal inspection of the lines and declared that the service is good and that the strike was over, so far as it would affect the public convenience. Colonel Appleton, of the Seventh Regiment, said he expected to be relieved from duty very soon. The temper of the strikers showed an abatement of bitterness in the later hours of the day, but they do not manifest a sanguine spirit any more. There was a great deal of wire cutting. Men from other cities were induced to leave, the strikers claiming that they did so willingly, while the companies said they were kidnapped. Rumors of dynamite were current yesterday. An alleged bomb was found on the trolley tracks at Fulton street and Flatbush avenue but it proved to be a hoax.

There is good reason for the popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Davis & Buzzard, of West Monterey, Clarion Co., Pa., say: "It has cured people that our physicians could do nothing for. We persuaded them to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they now recommend it with the rest of us." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by L. S. Stabler & Co.

The February number of the St. Nicholas Magazine has been received from its publishers, the Century Company, New York.

NOTICE.

A special meeting of the Stockholders of the DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA LOAN AND INVESTMENT COMPANY will be held at the principal office of the company, No. 123 South Boylston street, in the city of Alexandria, Va., on TUESDAY, February 26th, 1895, at half-past ten o'clock a. m., for the purpose of considering a proposed amendment of the company's charter of incorporation, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it. By order of the Board of Directors.

WILLIAM MAYSE, President.
Attest: D. P. LEIBHARDT, Secretary.
Jan 26 1895

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the LAND AND RIVER IMPROVEMENT COMPANY will be held at their office, 106 South Fairfax street, Alexandria, Va., on MONDAY, the 11th day of February, 1895, at 1:30 p. m., at which time an election will be held for Directors to serve for the ensuing year.

JAMES S. SWARTZ, Secretary.
Jan 26 2w

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the WASHINGTON, ALEXANDRIA AND MOUNT VERNON ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY will be held at their office, 106 South Fairfax street, Alexandria, Va., on MONDAY, the 11th day of February, 1895, at 12:30 p. m., at which time an election will be held for Directors to serve for the ensuing year.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

A Duquesne electric traction car collided with a large bobbed in Pittsburgh, Pa., to-day. Several persons were injured.

The strike of the ingrain carpet weavers employed by C. H. Masland & Sons, in Philadelphia, has virtually closed the mill, which employs about three hundred people.

Much damage is reported along the north Atlantic coast during the storm of last night. The weather through the north and west is very cold and heavy snows fell at various points.

The gold exports from New York to-day will foot up \$8,650,000. The total exports for the week reached \$7,150,000 and the largest on record were \$7,975,000 for the week ending June 23, 1894.

The tug Sea King, of Philadelphia, and bound from that place for Providence, lost her tow of five barges in a southeast gale off Point Judith last night. Two men were rescued and five men and two women are yet to be accounted for.

Dispatches have been received from Constantinople stating that the court of Cassation has confirmed the sentences imposed in November last by the tribunal at Erzingham upon 58 Armenians, which condemns twenty-four of them to death.

Walter C. Wright shot his wife Annie last night in their rooms, in Lawrence, Mass. He then turned the weapon upon himself and the lifeless forms of both were found in bed this morning. Between them lay the bloodstained revolver all five chambers of which were empty. Wright was about 45 years of age and worked as a machinist. His wife was about 30 years old and was employed at the Arlington Mills. Jealousy is thought to have been the cause of the tragedy. Upon a note found in a pocket of Wright's clothes during the investigation of the medical examiner it was written that the couple had agreed to die together and wished to be buried in one grave.

The fire in the Hazle mine slope at Hazleton, Pa., is still raging. The work of fighting the fire is pushed with the greatest difficulty. This morning some fifty men narrowly escaped being cremated. They were at work at the bottom of the slope when a heavy fall took place, closing up the air chamber. Seven men were carried out entirely overcome. The most exciting scenes are being enacted both on the surface and within the mine. From present indications the slope is doomed.

A cable special from London says: The Bank of England has reduced the buying price of American eagles one half penny to 75s. 3 3/4d. This, although not checking the gold stream from the United States will possibly tend to divert it from the continent.

A dispatch from Minneapolis says that Senator Washburn created a big political sensation yesterday by charging that Governor Nelson secured his election as Senator by corruption.

The business portion of Boyne City, Mich., was nearly wiped out by fire last night. The rooms over all the stores were occupied by families, who had narrow escapes.

Officials of the Pacific Express say the train robbers at McNeil, Ark., yesterday, took but \$750 from the express messenger and a package of cheap jewelry.

A Panama special says there is danger that canal workers will be destroyed by discharged employees. The works are guarded by troops.

List of Unclaimed Letters.

The following is a list of the letters remaining in the Alexandria, Va., postoffice January 26:
Persons calling for letters will please say they are advertised.
Advertised letters not called for within two weeks will be sent to the dead letter office.
Alger, Edwin E. Maley, Miss M. E. Belloc & McKenzie, Morton Miss Liza Oleser, William Morris, Jessie E. Carter, Miss Julia Morris, Marga L. Carter, A. J. P. Pettit, Miss Elton Coleman, Nannie Beede, Mrs. W. H. Crawford, J. S. Renica, Wm. Robinson, John Smith, Miss Lulu Spawrs, Taylor, Alfred Taylor, Marins Wright, John C. C. CARLIN, P. M.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, January 26.
The wholesale commercial markets during the past week have been quiet and show few and small changes in prices. Flour closes steady. Wheat is still selling at very full figures notwithstanding the decline in both spot and futures in other markets, due to the extremely light receipts and demand from the local mills; sales 57, 58, 59 and 60. Corn 47, 48, 49, 50 and 51. Oats 35 to 36 1/2. Eggs are very scarce and wanted at 23 for fresh. Other Country Produce Provisions and Groceries are without change. Millfeed is active at the advance recently reported. Hay and Straw continue dull.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 26.—Flour dull. Wheat easy; No 2 red spot and Jan 56 1/2 a 56 3/4; Feb 56 1/2 a 57; March 57 1/2 a 58; May 58 1/2 a 59; southern wheat by sample 57 1/2 a 58; do on grade 54 1/2 a 57 1/2. Corn steady; mixed spot and Jan 40 1/2 a 40 3/4; Feb 40 1/2 a 40 3/4; May 40 1/2 a 40 3/4; southern mixed 45 1/2 a 45 3/4; do yellow 46 1/2 a 47. Oats quiet and steady; No 2 white Western 36 1/2 a 37; No 2 mixed 34 1/2 a 35. Rye steady; No 2 57 1/2 a 58. Hay steady; good to choice timothy \$12 50 to \$13 00. Provisions unchanged; Sugar firm; No 7 16 1/2 a 16 3/4. Sugar quiet; granulated 4 08.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 26.—Virginia 3s, new, 74 1/2 a 74 3/4; do century 59 1/2 a 59 3/4.

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WOODWARD & LOTHROP.
10th, 11th and F Sts., N. W.

BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Choice patterns and new shapes in Boys' Percote Shirt Waists. Those with collar band and two separate standing collars are \$1.35. Those with both narrow collar and wide lay-over collar are \$1.00.

\$3.50 "COMBINATION" SUITS. Most of the Suits are all wool, and they are very strong. Jacket, Pants, and Extra Pants, double seat and knee. \$3.50. Odd Pants, sizes 4 to 15 at 50 and 60c. Gray and Blue Sailor Suits, sizes 3 to 14, \$3.75.

All-wool Blue Serge Pants at \$1.00. Scotch Tann O'Shanter for girls, 50c. Reduction Sale of carried over unlabeled Waists.

50c Mother's Friend now 33 1/2c. 75c Percote and Cheviot Blouses now 33 1/2c. 1.25 Flannels now 60c. 35c Percote now 16 1/2c. 25c Cambrics now 16 1/2c. 50c Percote now 25c. (Third floor.....10th st. building)

Girls' Jackets, Cloaks, and Dresses.

AT REDUCED PRICES. Black Jackets reduced from \$7.50 and \$8 to \$3.50. Navy, Black, and Mixed Wool Cloth Jackets reduced from \$15 to \$8.50. Mixed Novel